The model of the international organization for migration

**Protocol**

The meeting of the countries on the solution of the migration situation in the EU

From April 26, 2018

Participants:

1. The representatives of Germany and France.

The main points of the discussion:

The states parties to the present Protocol are concerned about the current migration situation in the EU, particularly, the large influx of migrants from Asia, Africa and the Middle East.

1. Germany is extremely interested in the inflow of additional legal and skilled human resources into the country in order to improve its demographic and labor resources problems existing in the country.
2. Germany is worried about the large influx of illegal migrants attempting to enter the country, among which could be terrorists and other criminals.
3. Germany is concerned about the increasing of the activities of organized criminal groups on the territory of the country, especially about the possibility of the repeated terrorist attacks.
4. France highlights that migration policy bodies provide assistance and support for the integration of foreign citizens; develop educational programs; provide social specialized assistance; provide problem solving related to acquisition of citizenship.
5. With the increase in the influx of migrants, the procedure for granting citizenship was complicated. Any person of the world, politically loyal to France and sharing its cultural values, can become a citizen of the French Republic.
6. The large influx of migrants led to the creation of new draft laws in France, which aim at solving the migration crisis and regulate the flow of legal and illegal migration. Thus, the law of March 7, 2016 is focused on the improvement of existing rules and categories for providing a residence permit, and presents new opportunities, namely the "Passport of Talent".
7. One of the main priorities for France and the only way to combat migration flows and terrorism was to develop positions in Africa.
8. In the light of the fact that the migration flow comes from the African continent, the French Office of Refugee and Stateless Persons (OFPRA) creates and conducts missions to select asylum seekers. The idea is to create a policy of containment and try to reduce the number of victims in the Mediterranean Sea, where 2,300 migrants have died since the beginning of the year.

Recommendations:

 1. Germany offers France not only to strengthen control over state borders, but also its procedure of giving asylum.

 2. Germany recommends France to create its own special centralized agency that will oversee the whole migratory situation in the country (like BAMF in Germany).

 3. Germany and France have agreed that both countries should pay even more attention on assisting migrants in integration in the EU.

4. France highlights the necessity to create and carry out missions on the African continent, with the aim of selection of migrants for granting them a residence permit. These missions will solve the problem of illegal migration from this continent and reduce the mortality rate across the Mediterranean Sea.

5. France recommends to change the model of integration policy, because Germany is gradually losing its identity on account of a large influx of migrants from different continents.